

THOMSON SEMICONDUCTORS

LM108,A
LM208,A
LM308,A

PRECISION SINGLE OP-AMPS

The LM108,A is a precision operational amplifier having specifications a factor ten better than FET amplifiers over a -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ temperature range. Selected units are available with offset voltages less than 1 mV and drifts less than $5\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$. This makes it possible to eliminate offset adjustments, in most cases.

The device operates with supply voltages from ± 2 V to ± 20 V (LM308 : ± 2 V to ± 15 V) and has sufficient supply rejection to use unregulated supplies. Although the circuit is interchangeable with and uses the same compensation as the LM101A, an alternate compensation scheme can be used to make it particularly insensitive to power supply noise and to make supply bypass capacitors unnecessary.

Outstanding characteristics of LM108A :

- Input offset voltage : 0.5 mV maximum
- Input bias current : 3 nA maximum over full temperature range
- Input offset current : 0.4 nA maximum over full temperature range
- Power supply current : 600 μA maximum
- Guaranteed drift characteristics
- Slew rate of 10 V/ μs as inverting amplifier.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Hi-Rel versions available - See chapter 14

| PART NUMBER | TEMPERATURE RANGE | PACKAGE | | | | |
|-------------|---|---------|----|----|----|----|
| | | H | DG | DP | GC | FP |
| LM108,A | -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ● | ● | ● | | |
| LM208,A | -25°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ● | | | | |
| LM308,A | 0°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |

Examples : LM108H, LM108AH, LM308DG

PRECISION SINGLE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

CASES



CB-11
(TO-99)



CB-706
GC SUFFIX
TRICECOP (LCC)



CB-98



CB-342



DP SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE

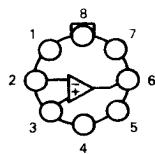


DG SUFFIX
CERDIP PACKAGE

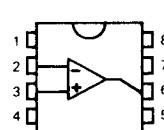


FP SUFFIX
PLASTIC
MICROPACKAGE

CB-11



CB-98
CB-342



PIN ASSIGNMENTS
(Top views)

1 - Frequency compensation

2 - Inverting input

3 - Non-inverting input

4 - V_{CC}

1 - NC

2 - Frequency compensation

3 - NC

4 - NC

5 - Inverting input

6 - NC

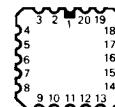
7 - Non-inverting input

8 - NC

9 - NC

10 - V_{CC}

CB-705



11 - NC

12 - NC

13 - NC

14 - NC

15 - Output

16 - NC

17 - V_{CC}

18 - NC

19 - NC

20 - Frequency compensation

THOMSON SEMICONDUCTORS

Sales headquarters

45, av. de l'Europe - 78140 VELIZY, FRANCE
Tel. : (3) 946 97 19 / Telex : 204780 F

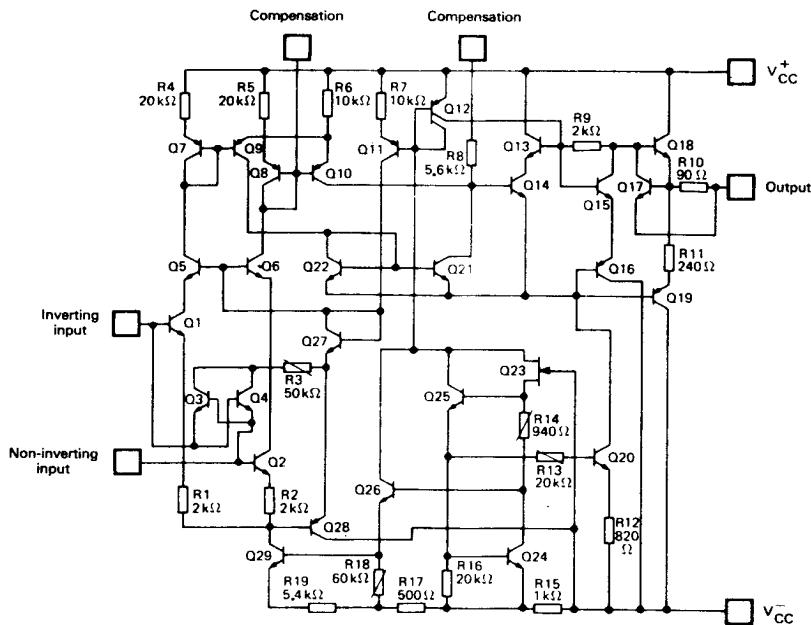
THOMSON
COMPONENTS

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | LM108,A | LM208,A | LM308,A | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------|
| Supply voltage | V _{CC} | ±20 | ±20 | ±18 | V |
| Input voltage (Note 2) | V _I | ±15 | ±15 | ±15 | V |
| Input offset current (Note 1) | I _{IO} | ±10 | ±10 | ±10 | mA |
| Power dissipation | P _{TOT} | 500 665 | 500 | 500 | mW |
| LM108GC, LM108AGC | | | — | — | |
| Output short-circuit duration | ... | Indefinite | Indefinite | Indefinite | — |
| Operating free-air temperature range | T _{OPER} | -55 to +125 | -25 to +85 | 0 to +70 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | T _{STG} | -65 to +150 | -65 to +150 | -55 to +125 | °C |

Note 1 : The inputs are shunted with back-to-back diodes for overvoltage protection. Therefore, excessive current will flow if a differential input voltage in excess of 1 V is applied between the inputs unless some limiting resistance is used.

Note 2 : For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

| CASE | Frequency Compens. | Inverting Input | Non-inverting Input | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | Output | N.C. |
|--------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|------|
| CB-11 | | | | | | | |
| CB-98 | 1, 8 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| CB-342 | | | | | | | |
| CB-705 | 2, 20 | 5 | 7 | 10 | 17 | 15 | * |

* CB705 : Other pins are not connected.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICSLM108A : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 20 \text{ V}$ LM208A : $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 20 \text{ V}$ LM308A : $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 15 \text{ V}$

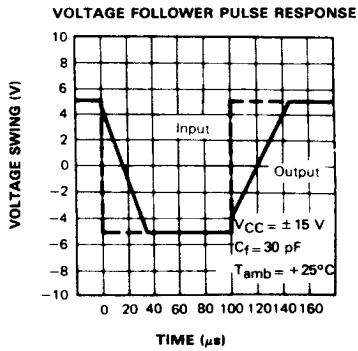
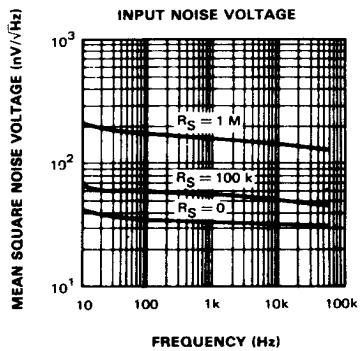
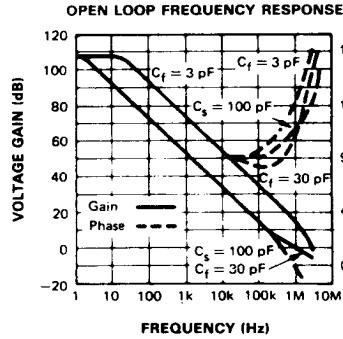
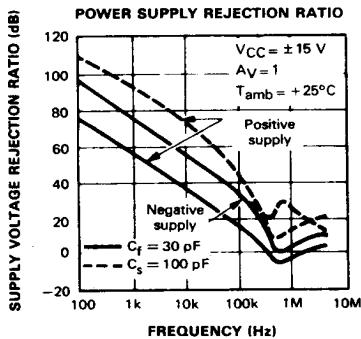
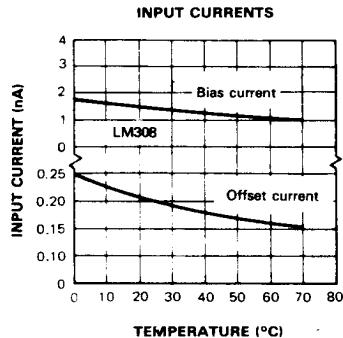
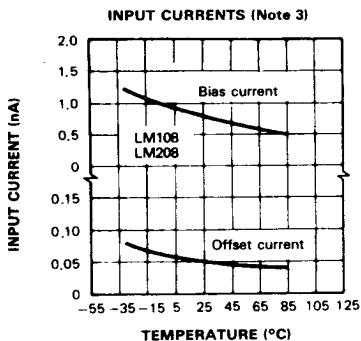
(Unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic | Symbol | LM108A - LM208A | | | LM308A | | | Unit |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----|----------|----------|------|--------------------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Input offset voltage $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | V_{IO} | — | 0.3 | 0.5 | — | 0.3 | 0.5 | mV |
| | | — | — | 1 | — | — | 0.73 | |
| Input offset current $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | I_{IO} | — | 0.05 | 0.2 | — | 0.2 | 1 | nA |
| | | — | — | 0.4 | — | — | 1.5 | |
| Input bias current $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | I_{IB} | — | 0.8 | 2 | — | 1.5 | 7 | nA |
| | | — | — | 3 | — | — | 10 | |
| Large signal voltage gain ($V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $R_L \geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V}$) $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | A_{VD} | 80 | 300 | — | 80 | 300 | — | V/mV |
| | | 40 | — | — | 60 | — | — | |
| Supply voltage rejection ratio | SVR | 96 | 110 | — | 96 | 110 | — | dB |
| Supply current $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{amb}} = T_{\text{max}}$ | $I_{\text{CC}}^+ - I_{\text{CC}}^-$ | — | 0.3 | 0.6 | — | 0.3 | 0.8 | mA |
| | | — | 0.15 | 0.4 | — | — | — | |
| Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | αV_{IO} | — | 1 | 5 | — | 1 | 5 | $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Temperature coefficient of input offset current | αI_{IO} | — | 0.5 | 2.5 | — | 2 | 10 | $\text{pA}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Input voltage range ($V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$) | V_I | ± 13.5 | — | — | ± 14 | — | — | V |
| Common-mode rejection ratio | CMR | 96 | 110 | — | 96 | 110 | — | dB |
| Output voltage swing ($V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$) | V_{OPP} | ± 13 | ± 14 | — | ± 13 | ± 14 | — | V |
| Input resistance ($T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$) | R_I | 30 | 70 | — | 10 | 40 | — | MΩ |

LM108 : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 20 \text{ V}$ **LM208** : $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 20 \text{ V}$ **LM308** : $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 15 \text{ V}$

(Unless otherwise specified)

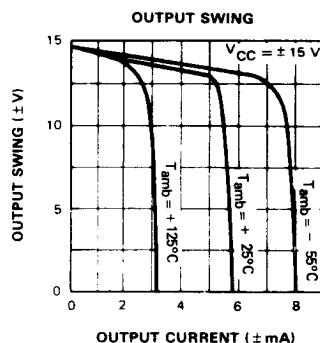
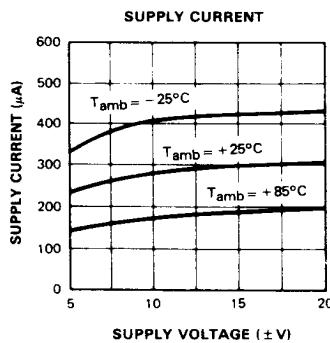
| Characteristic | Symbol | LM108 | | | LM208 | | | LM308 | | | Unit |
|---|---|------------|-------------|------------|----------|----------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------------------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Input offset voltage $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | V_{IO} | — | 0.7 | 2 | — | — | — | 2 | 7.5 | 10 | mV |
| Input offset current $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | I_{IO} | — | 0.05 | 0.2 | — | — | — | 0.2 | 1 | 1.5 | nA |
| Input bias current $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | I_{IB} | — | 0.8 | 2 | — | — | — | 1.5 | 7 | 10 | nA |
| Large signal voltage gain ($V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $R_L \geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V}$) $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ | A_{VD} | 50 25 | 300 — | — — | 25 15 | — — | — — | 300 — | — — | — — | V/mV |
| Supply voltage rejection ratio | SVR | 80 | 96 | — | 80 | 96 | — | — | — | — | dB |
| Supply current $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{amb}} = T_{\text{max}}$ | $I_{\text{CC}}^+ \cdot I_{\text{CC}}^-$ | — — | 0.3 0.15 | 0.6 0.4 | — — | — — | — — | 0.3 — | 0.8 — | — — | mA |
| Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | αV_{IO} | — | 3 | 15 | — | — | — | 6 | 30 | — | $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Temperature coefficient of input offset current | αI_{IO} | — | 0.5 | 2.5 | — | — | — | 2 | 10 | — | pA/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Input voltage range ($V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$) | V_I | ± 13.5 | — | — | ± 14 | — | — | — | — | — | V |
| Common-mode rejection ratio | CMR | 85 | 100 | — | 80 | 100 | — | — | — | — | dB |
| Output voltage swing ($V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$) | V_{OPP} | ± 13 | ± 14 | — | ± 13 | ± 14 | — | — | — | — | V |
| Input resistance ($T_{\text{amb}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$) | R_I | 30 | 70 | — | 10 | 40 | — | — | — | — | MΩ |



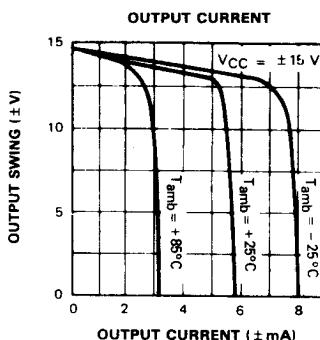
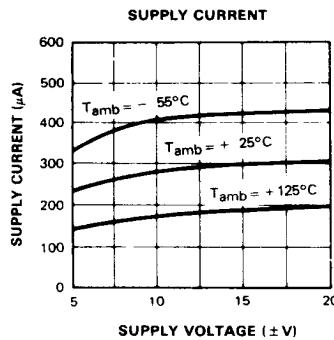
Note 3 : LM108A : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 20 \text{ V}$.

LM208A : $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq \pm 20 \text{ V}$.

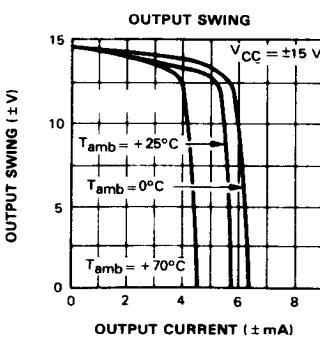
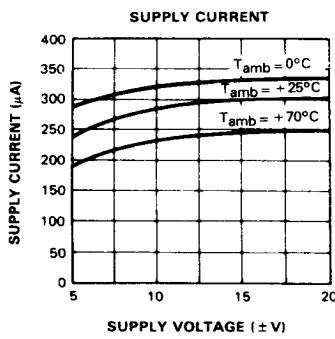
LM108A

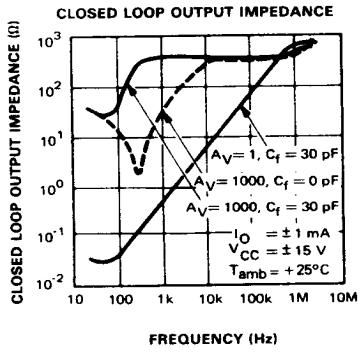
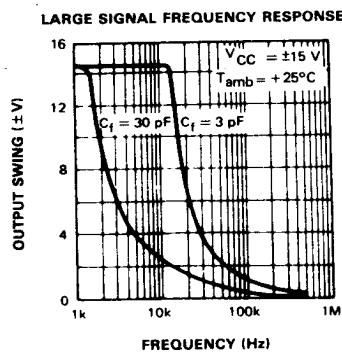
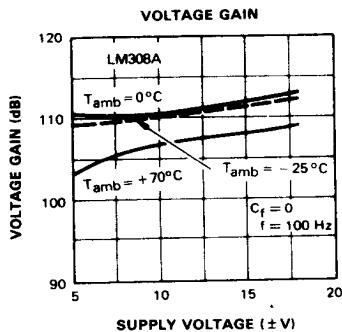
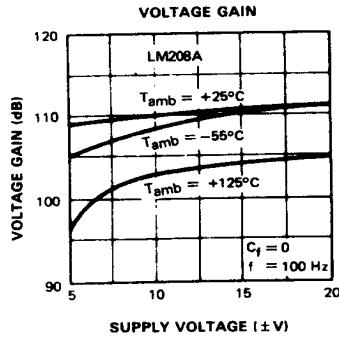
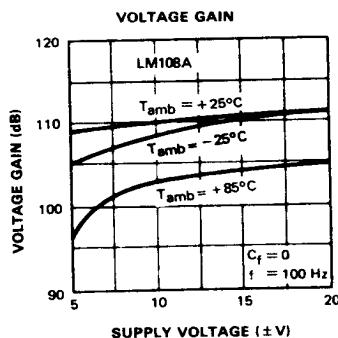


LM208A

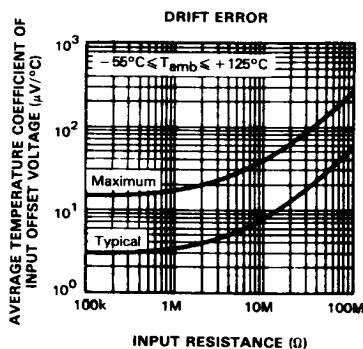
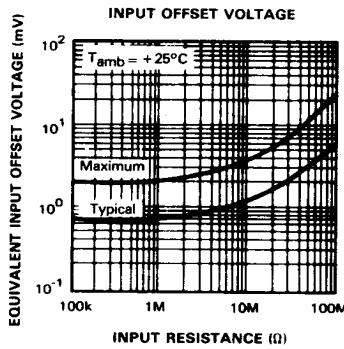


LM308A

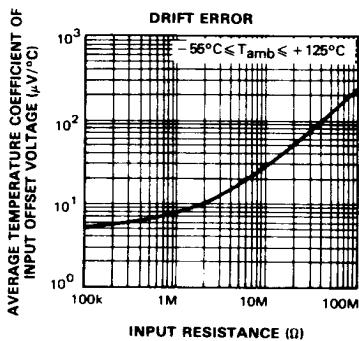
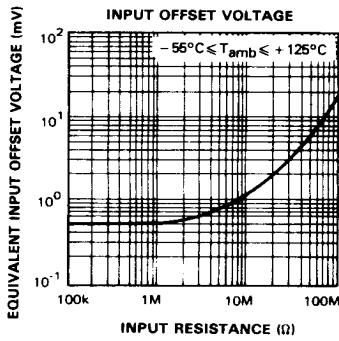




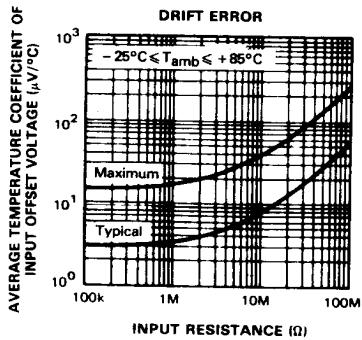
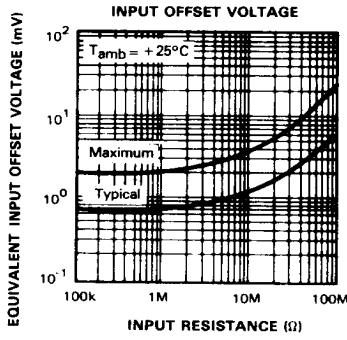
LM108A



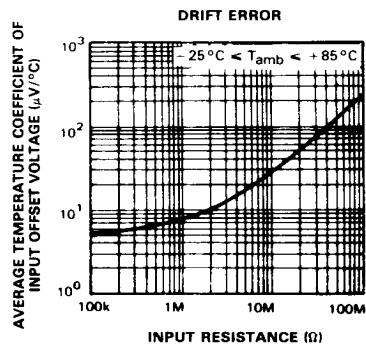
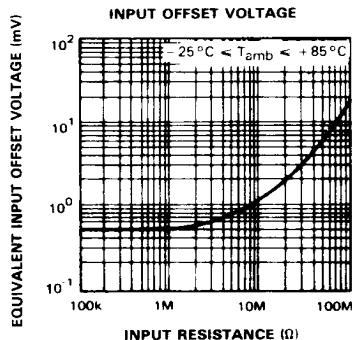
LM108



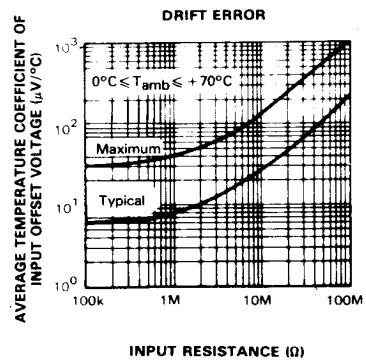
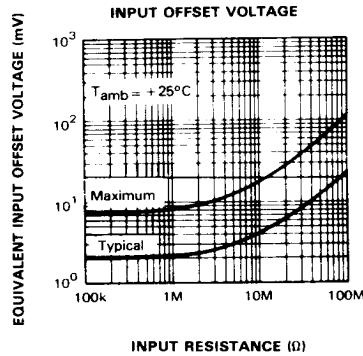
LM208



LM208A

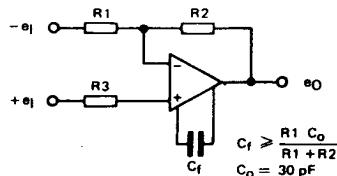


LM308

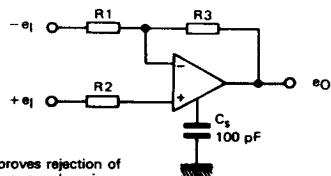


BASIC DIAGRAMS

STANDARD COMPENSATION CIRCUIT

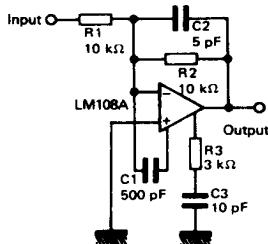


ALTERNATE FREQUENCY COMPENSATION*

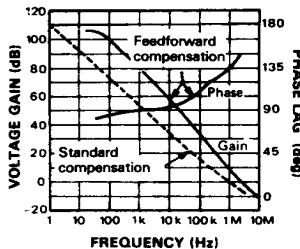


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

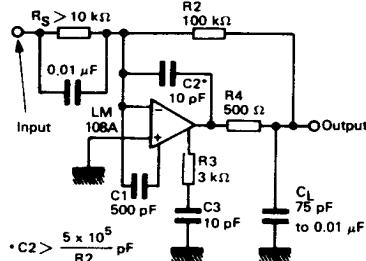
STANDARD FEEDFORWARD



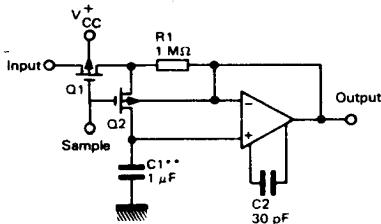
OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN



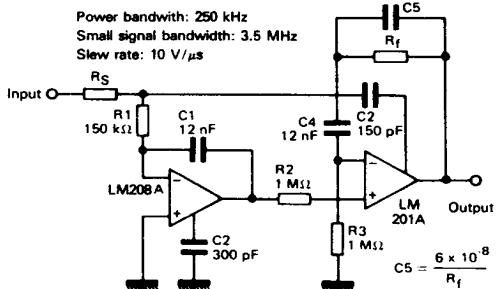
FEEDFORWARD COMPENSATION FOR DECOUPLING LOAD CAPACITANCE



SAMPLE AND HOLD*

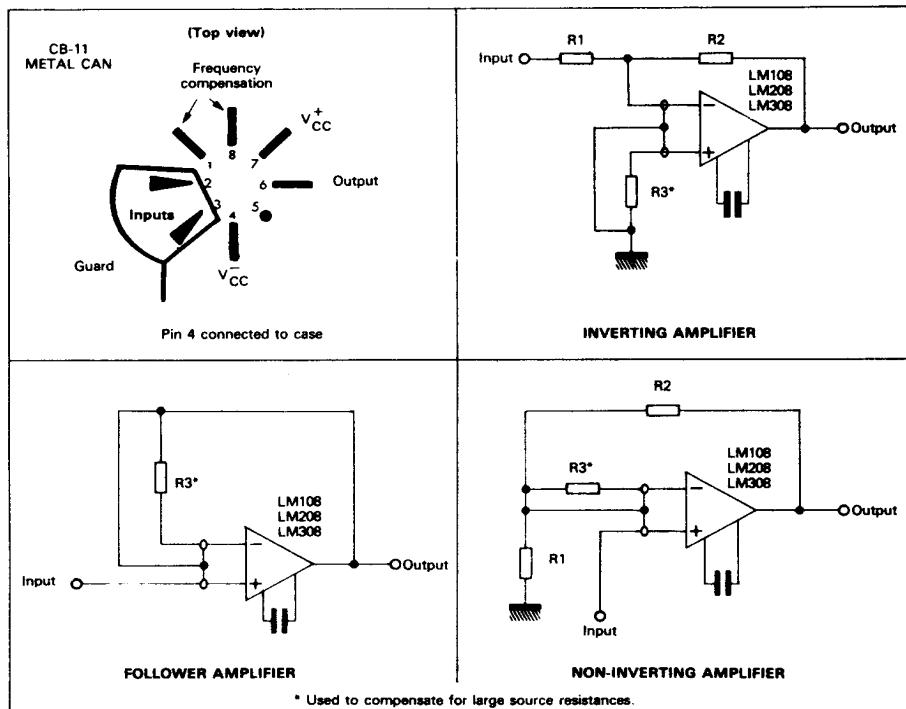


FAST SUMMING AMPLIFIER



In addition to increasing speed the LM201A raises high and low frequency gain and eliminates thermal feedback.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS (continued)



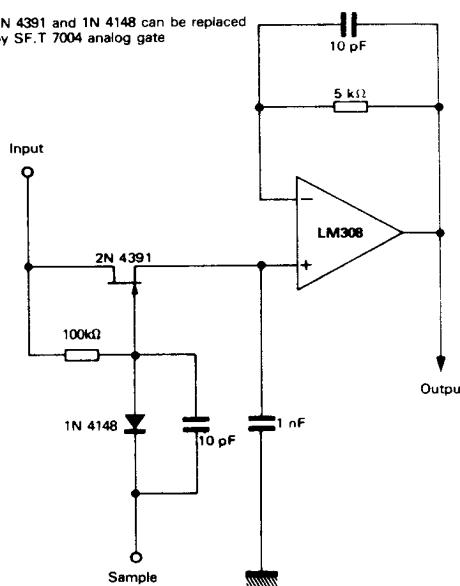
INPUT GUARDING

Leakage currents are on the verge of causing trouble at +125°C. The standard pin configuration of most IC op amps has the input pins adjacent to pins which are the supply potentials. Therefore, it is advisable to employ guarding to reduce the voltage difference between the inputs and adjacent metal runs. A ten-lead pin circle is used, and the leads of the IC are formed so that the holes adjacent to the inputs are vacant when it is inserted in the board. The guard, which is a conductive ring surrounding the inputs, is connected to a low impedance point that is at the same potential as the inputs.

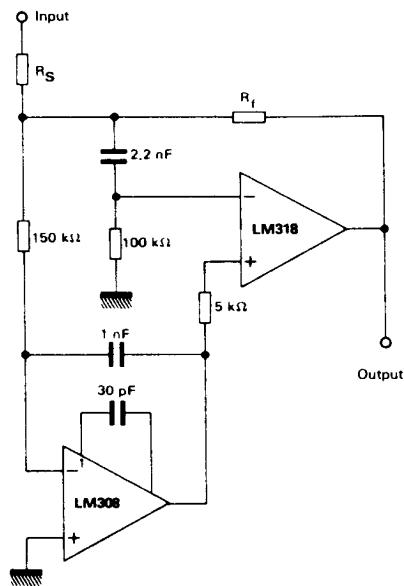
TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAMS

FAST SAMPLE AND HOLD

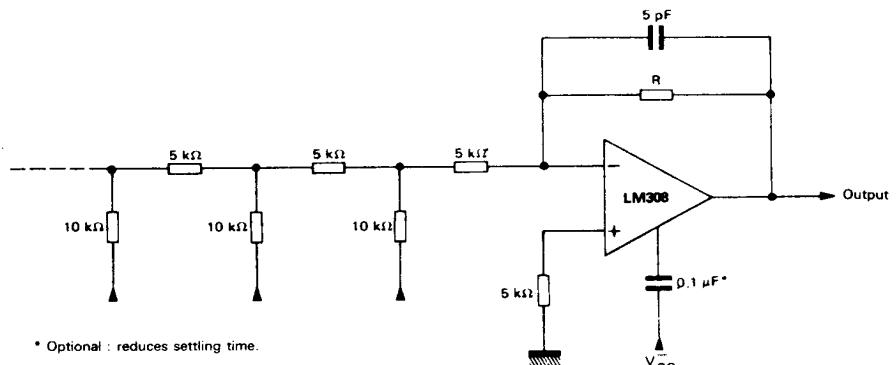
2N 4391 and 1N 4148 can be replaced by SFT 7004 analog gate



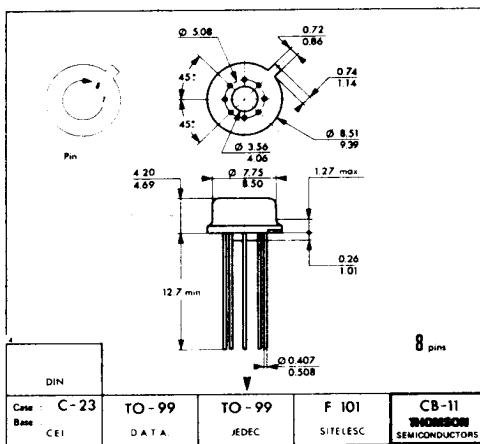
FAST SUMMING AMPLIFIER WITH LOW INPUT CURRENT



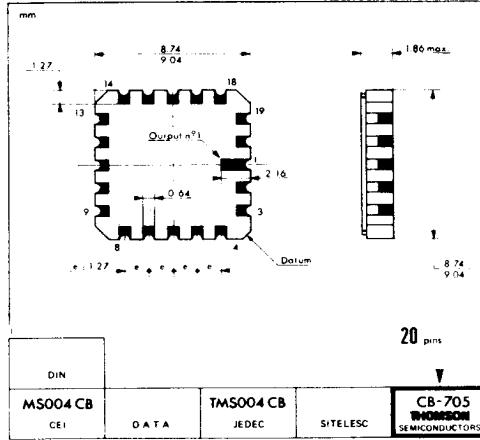
D/A CONVERTER USING LADDER NETWORK



* Optional : reduces settling time.

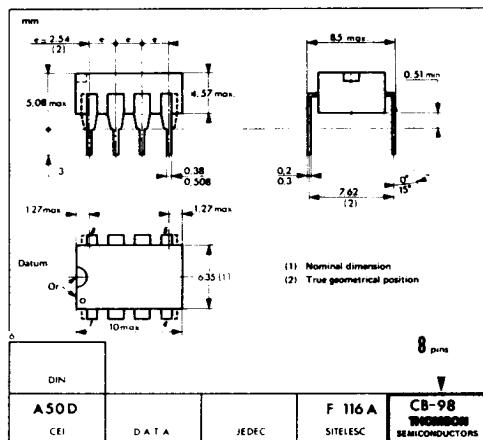


CB-11

H SUFFIX
METAL CAN

CB-705

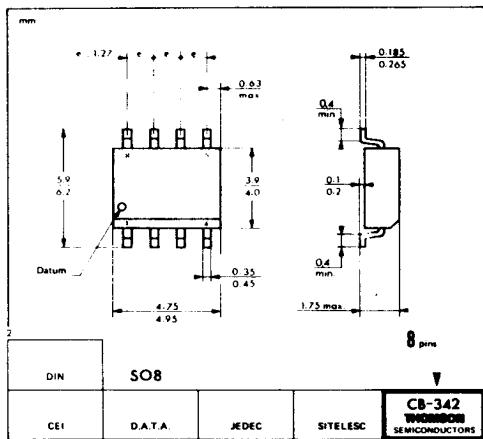
GC SUFFIX
TRICEOP (LCC)



CB-98



DP SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
DG SUFFIX
CERDIP PACKAGE



CB-342



FP SUFFIX
PLASTIC
MICROPACKAGE

These specifications are subject to change without notice.
Please inquire with our sales offices about the availability of the different packages.